

THE KNOXVILLE INDEPENDENT

EQUAL RIGHTS TO ALL.

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS

SPECIAL PRIVILEGES TO NONE.

OF THE COMMON PEOPLE.

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KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16 1918.

WHOLE NUMBER 1214

DR. ERNEST HOPKINS



Dr. Ernest M. Hopkins, president of Dartmouth college, who has accepted the post of supervisor of industrial relations in the office of Major General Goethals, acting quartermaster general. Doctor Hopkins will be stationed at the war department.

HAYS MADE CHAIRMAN

At Noonday Caucus Adams Withdrew, Leaving Coast Clear.

Indiana Man, Perkins-Dupont Candidate, Will Direct Destinies of G. O. P. for National Campaign.

St. Louis, Feb. 14.—Will H. Hays of Indiana, Perkins-Dupont candidate, will be the man to direct the destinies of the G. O. P. from now until a successor to Wilson is elected.

The announcement by John T. Adams of Iowa, shortly before the meeting of the Republican national committee that he would withdraw in favor of Hays, was followed by the election of Hays to the Chairmanship. Adams' decision, reached at a caucus of Hays and Adams backers, disposes of a breach which threatened to disrupt the Republican committee.

In order that it will not be a complete surrender to George W. Perkins, former financial backer of the Progressive party, Adams' withdrawal was made with the proviso that the advisory campaign committee of six Progressives, including Perkins, and nine Republicans, and the 1916 campaign committee, be eliminated. It is also provided that the new chairman be permitted to name his own campaign committee and woman's advisory committee.

Following a caucus with the men who stood loyally behind him in the three-day fight, Adams gave out this statement:

"Mr. Adams announces that when the national committee meets he will place in nomination for the chairmanship the name of Will H. Hays of Indiana. He would make no further statement despite the Adams proviso. Political wisecracks said today the surrender was a complete victory for Perkins and the former Progressive leader will name the next G. O. P. candidate for president—Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

Hays is a lawyer of Sullivan, Ind. He has held numerous important political positions in his home state, his first job being chairman of his precinct committee in 1900. He was chairman of the Republican committee of his county from 1904 to 1908, being a member of the Republican state advisory committee in 1908. He was chairman of the Indiana speakers' bureau of the Republican party during the campaign of 1906 and 1908. In 1912 he was elected a member of the state central committee.

MINIMUM WHEAT PRICE \$2.75

Bill Introduced to Amend Food Control Law to Increase Minimum—Resolution by Chairman Gore.

Washington, Feb. 14.—Senator Gore of Oklahoma, chairman of the senate agriculture committee, introduced a resolution to increase the government guaranteed price of wheat from \$2 to \$2.50 a bushel.

At the same time Senator McCammon of North Dakota introduced a bill to amend the food control law to increase the minimum wheat price to \$2.75 a bushel.

Both measures were referred to the agriculture committee. They will be used as the basis for an extensive investigation into the agricultural situation throughout the country. The committee plans to inquire into the problem of farm labor and various other phases of the situation increasing agricultural production.

FIRST LIST OF TUSCANIA DEAD

One Hundred and Seventy-One Are Buried in Scottish Coast.

131 AMERICANS IDENTIFIED

Thirty-Three U. S. Men Not Identified—Of the Crew Identity of Four Was Established, and Three Unknown.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The following is the first complete list of victims of the Tuscania transport, giving their home addresses. The men were buried on the Scottish coast. Each American soldier's body was given a number. Thus, at a point where seventy-eight men were buried side by side in a long trench the number run from 1 to 78. The home addresses of the dead heroes is taken from the original list of those unaccounted for, and as checked up with the Tuscania's passenger list. In some instances the spelling from the Scotch seaport does not agree with the official passenger list.

Up to Tuesday night, 171 victims were buried at points on the Scottish coast as follows:

Americans, 131 identified and 33 unidentified; crew, 4 identified and 3 unidentified.

The Tuscania Dead.

HERMAN, T. W. (probably Fred W. of Lincoln, Neb.).
REEDER, LUTHER B., Broadus, Tex.
KEOWN, WILLIAM, Sand Spring, Tex.
ROBERTS, LEWIS, Nachitoches, Tex.
CASPER, ORVEL N., Milwaukee, Wis.
DUFFY, EVERETT H., Silem Springs, Mo.
JOHNSON, WILLIAM R., Metamora, Mich.
PAGE, HENRY H., Saratoga, Tex.
WEST, CLAYTON B., Baxter Springs, Tex.

TUTTLE, TERRY, Elgin, Ore.
BROWN, WALTER L., Port, Va.
SHORT, CLARENCE W., Willabro, Pa.
BUTLER, RAYMOND, New Richmond, Wis.

ZIMMERMAN, GEORGE V., New Rochelle, N. Y.
EDWARDS, JOHN, Butte, Mont.
REINHARDT, GEORGE A., Jefferson, Mo.

CRELLIN, WALTER, Virginia, Minn.
PENNETT, WILLIAM E., Rogers, Ark.
SWANSON, CHARLES E., Rothchild, Wis.

MORIN, WILLIAM P., Portland, Ore.
JENKINS, CLYDE C., Coalina, Cal.
HURST, RAYMOND, Pocomet, Okla.

LEWIS, CURTIS W., Salem, Ore.
BESNER, HERBERT C. J., Saginaw, Mich.

WEEKS, BERT O., Modesto, Cal.
SPEDID, HENRY S., 23 East Ninety-Fourth street, New York city.

NEWTON, G. North Bend, Wash.
WAGNER, JULIUS, Stamford, Conn.
TRAGERER, WILLIAM L., Cottonwood, Minn.

LICARI, ALFIO, Eureka, Cal.
STEVENS, PERCY A. (last spelled name Stephen), Bend, Ore.

WRIGHT, WILLIAM W., Bismarck, Okla.
COOK, MARCUS B., Como, Mont.
BJORK, GEORGE NELSON, Helena, Ore.

JOHNSON, JOHN C., Big Falls, Minn.
ST. CLAIR, THOMAS E., Junction, Tex.
COLLINS, ARTHUR W., Appleby, Tex.

LANKEAU, THEODORE E., San Francisco, Cal.
CHESHER, OHN W., Lucas, Wash.

CLOVER, GERALD K., Hopewell, Va.
BRUNO, FRANK, New York city.
TALLEY, MILTON, Union City, Tenn.

BURKE, EDWIN R., Bernadilly, Minn.
WEIGAND, PHILIP, Baltimore, Md.
WILSON, CURTIS W., Salem, Ore.

ALLEN, FRED K., Ada, Minn.
RAMES, MANUEL, Maui, Hawaii.
ANDERSON, HOMER LLEWELYN, Cumberland, Wis.

LINTON, FRID M., Lamolne, Cal.
GURNEY, JAMES E., Glide, Ore.
PIERCE, JAMES L., Creswell, Ore.

COWAN, ELMER L., Victor, Mont.
MUMFERY, WILLIAM F., Royse City, Tex.

PENTROSE, SAMUEL H., Doucette, Tex.
BENNETT, RUSSEL F., Plainfield, Wis.

WARREN, ROBERT F., Seattle, Wash.
OZMENT, LUTHER W., Broken Bow, Okla.

DROOGS, WILLIAM I., Mount Idaho, Idaho.
SIMS, IRVIN, Alto, Tex.

HAWLEY, JAMES P., Neenah, Wis.
MATTHEWS, WILLIAM, Bellingham, Wash.

RIGGS, SAMUEL P., San Francisco, Cal.
CROCKER, NORMAN G., Center, Tex.

AGREN, PETER A., Jewell, Ore.
BYRNE, JACK J., Butte, Mont.
RUDOLPH, FRED A., Milwaukee, Wis.

RAPP, HERMAN, New York city.
RHODES, JESSE M., Halbert, Okla.
LEBRON, CAPT. LEO P., Guthrie, Okla.

PRICE, JAMES A., Boise City, Okla.
TOMLINS, GEORGE W., El Reno, Okla.
WHITE, EPHRAIM, Arnett, Okla.

BERRY, OSCAR L., Wilton, Tex.
BARNES (not Burns), EDGAR C., Ranter, Tex.
MORENO (not Merus), GEORGE, Pearshall, Tex.

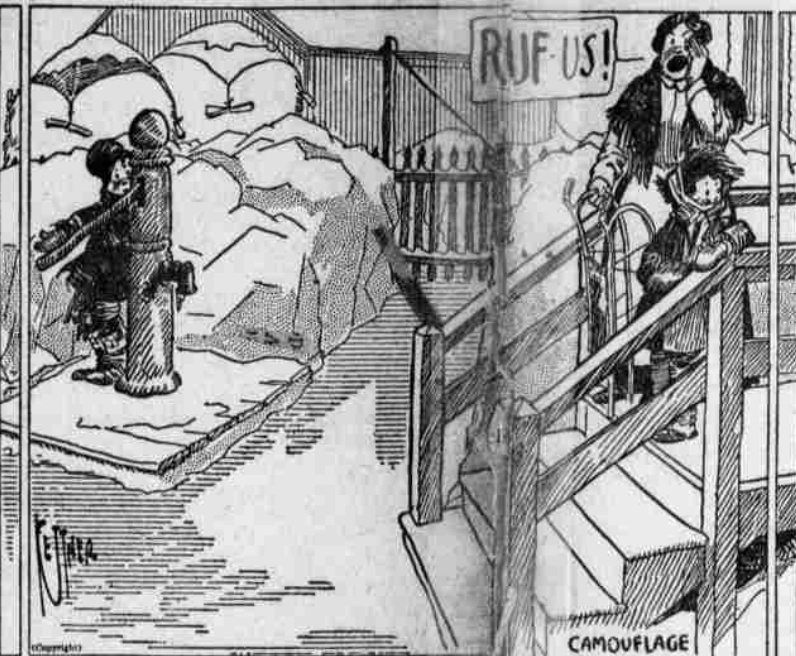
THOMPSON, TULLA B., Madrid, Okla.
SHERMAN, CAPT. PHILIP KILBURN, Syracuse, N. Y.

WILSON, WILLIAM R. (not W. E.), Canton, Tex.
TROTTER, DANIEL W., Strawn, Tex.
PLEDGER, FLETCHER (D.) ODELL, Norman, Okla.

VICKERS (not Bickers), WILLIAM E., Southwest City, Mo.
WICKLEY, JAMES J., Minneapolis, Minn.
BISHOP, JOHN B., Foster, Okla.

YOUNG, EDWARD F., Gilmer, Tex.
PEREZ, ANGEL (not Engel), PERCY, San Antonio, Tex.
BERMAN, CAPT. PHILIP VINCENT, Northfield, Vt.

Somewhere in the U. S. A.



GERMAN AVIATOR SHOT DOWN

Lieut. Hans Muller Did Not Meet With Accident, but Was Brought Down Over His Own Lines.

Paris, Jan. 29 (by mail).—Details of the death of Lieut. Hans Muller, one of the foremost aviators in the German army, which have just been received here show that he was shot down over the German lines by a French aviator, and not killed in an accident, as originally reported.

Muller was credited by the Germans with having shot down 30 allied airplanes and ranked second to Capt. von Richthofen, who is reported by the German war office to have accounted for 63 allied airplanes.

Further confirmation of the new version of Muller's death was obtained from a German pilot who was shot down and mortally wounded within the French lines. With his dying breath the German gasped out a story of how one of the foremost German aviators had been killed while flying behind his own lines. He evidently referred to Muller.

Airman Seriously Injured.

Fort Worth, Tex., Feb. 14.—Chances for the recovery of Lieut. Peyton C. March, Jr., son of Maj. Gen. Peyton C. March, chief of staff of the U. S. army, are considered slight. His skull was fractured when his plane developed a mechanical defect and fell 1,000 feet.

ILLINOIS IN FEAR OF FLOOD

Rivers and Streams Abnormally Swollen by Melting Snow—Many Families Removed to Safe Places.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Rivers and creeks in all parts of Illinois and adjoining regions are swollen to torrents by water released by rapidly melting snows, and hundreds of persons already have been driven from their homes. The thaw continues with no forecast of colder weather before tomorrow, and the flood situation threatens to become increasingly serious.

In the outlying sections of Chicago gutters are running brimful and many basements have been flooded. Several families have been driven from their homes in West Pullman, a suburb, and conditions in other sections are threatening.

The Kankakee, Grand Calumet and Little Calumet rivers are raging torrents that threaten to overflow their banks and inundate large areas.

Five hundred persons in the lowland section of Gary are threatened by the floods, and the situation at other places in the Calumet district is acute.

Reports from Joliet indicate that ice gorges are blocking streams and causing them to overflow. Throughout a larger part of Illinois the snow is melting with a rapidity that has given rise to a dangerous flood situation.

Street Car Men Strike.

Pittsburg, Kan., Feb. 14.—At midnight all carmen employed on the Joplin and Pittsburg electric line went on strike, completely tying up the system. The men's demands for increased wages were refused by the company officials.

Union City.—County Food Administrator Clarence G. Cloys is after the high price grocer, the food hoarder and food waster in Obion county.

Selmer.—Judge S. J. Everett of Jackson convened the regular January term of the McNairy county circuit court, and then adjourned, continuing all the cases until the regular May term.

MOORE, WILLIAM A., San Francisco, Cal.
HUTCHINS, OTIS E., Whitehall, Wis.

CARPENTER, HARRY, Potomac, Ill.
LAKRO, JOHN A., Astoria, Ore.
CALABRESSE, NOCCO, Mount Solo, Wash.

MCOT, ORA L., El Monte, Cal.
AUGSPURGER, STANLEY R., Dayton, Ohio.

HOUSTON, ELMER A., Held, Ore.
COLLINS, STANLEY L., Knights Ferry, Cal.

MAYSTRICK (not Maxstrick), JOSEPH G., Astoria, N. Y.
HILL, MARTIN C. (Columbus), Wimberville, Tex.

GERMANY USURPS UKRAINIA'S MEANS

Subsidizes Syndicate in Attempt to Secure Control of Food and Industrial Supplies.

TO FORCE RUSSIA TO TERMS

Pan-Germans May Seize Opportunity to Press Claims for General Peace—Imperialistic Lines—Optimism in Evidence.

Copenhagen, Feb. 14.—Germany is planning the systematic exploitation of Russia, having secured an opening wedge through the separate peace effected with Ukraina, according to information secured here today from an authentic source.

Already the German government has begun to exploit the situation which will attempt to secure control of the food supplies and industrial materials in Ukraina.

Chaotic Condition in Russia. The German newspapers, especially the pan-German section of the press, point out that absolute chaos rules in Russia, and that the central empire may have to deal firmly or even sternly in assisting to establish order so that the agreements that are effected with the Russians will remain good.

Optimism is widely at variance as to the effect the collapse of Russia will have on the future peace terms of the central empire. Some believe that if Germany can dominate the vast resources of Russia she will consent to a "democratic peace" in the west, even to the point of giving consideration to France's claims for the return of Alsace-Lorraine.

May Open General Peace. On the other hand, the view is taken by others that the pan-Germans will seize this opportunity to press their claims for a general peace on imperialistic lines.

The Cologne Volks-Zeitung, in commenting upon the present peace situation, expresses the opinion that "The peace with Ukraina may shortly lead to others." The newspaper evidently had Russia in mind.

U. S. and England's Attitude. The Frankfurter Zeitung in its analysis of the eastern situation says that the United States seems inclined to recognize the bolshevik government, while England is taking a middle course.

The Berlin Lokal-Anzeiger, Junker organ, sees in the Ukrainian peace "the first fruits of Hindenburg's victories on the eastern front."

The decision of the bolsheviks to demobilize the Russian army and to call off the war with the central empire was really taken at a secret sitting of the All-Russian congress of the councils of workmen and soldiers' delegates, according to a telegram from Stockholm, quoting the bolshevik representative Kameneff, who is now in the Swedish capital. According to Kameneff, Leon Trotsky, the bolshevik foreign minister, was only carrying out the orders of the congress when he announced the demobilization decree.

Have Not Signed Anything. "We have not given in to the Germans," said Kameneff. "We have not signed anything nor have we recognized the German principles. We have a free hand to take part in a general peace conference when it finally comes. It is probable that the Germans will remove practically all their troops from the eastern front to the west, leaving only a small force to watch the frontier. This necessarily will increase the pressure against the entente's armies."

Lexington.—Col. Henry E. Graper of the Citizens' bank has volunteered to furnish the money to finance a pig club for Henderson county.

SPLIT BETWEEN KAISER AND ALLY SEEMS EVIDENT

AUSTRIA REFUSES TO BATTLE FOR GERMAN CONQUESTS IN BELGIUM OR RUSSIA.

According to Documents in Hands of Lansing—Proof of Discord Not in Britain's Possession, 'Tis Believed, Following Lloyd George Speech.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Washington.—Austria will not battle for German conquests in either Belgium or Russia. There is in the hands of the State Department indisputable evidence of a wide split between the Austrian and German foreign policies. It was this evidence which prompted President Wilson to reply to Count Czernin as he did. The evidence is contained in the uncensored text of the Czernin speech, received here through Austrian and Swiss channels. So far as Washington knows London has only two text first sent here in January. It is considered likely that the lack of this evidence in London led King George and Lloyd George to disagree with President Wilson's interpretation of the Austrian Premier's speech.

That text passed through the hands of the German censors. The most startling point of difference between the two texts concerns the Belgian problem. It was illustrated by the following deadly parallel:

As the German censors let it go to London:

"In so far as these propositions (Wilson's 14) concern her allies, whether in the case of Germany's possession of Belgium or in the case of Turkey, Austria-Hungary, faithful to her engagements to fight to the end in defense of her allies, will defend the possessions of her war allies as she would her own."

As the uncensored text reads: "As far as the proposals relate to our allies, and in them there is mention of the possession of Belgium and of the Turkish Empire, I declare that, faithful to the duties of the alliance which I have accepted, I am determined to go to every extreme in defense of our allies."

"The state of property of our allies before the war we shall defend as our own." The difference between the German and the Austrian viewpoints are accentuated further throughout Czernin's references to the Russian peace. Declaring that Austria-Hungary treats with Russia on the strict "no annexations and no indemnities" basis, Czernin promises that not a foot of Russian territory will Austria-Hungary accept. Nor will Austria-Hungary pay Russia a penny of indemnity. Austrian troops, he points out, occupy only insignificant stretches of Russian territory.

Three Fall at Hicks Flying Field.

Ft. Worth, Texas.—Three more fatalities, due to two separate crashes, were added to the roll of deaths at Hicks Flying Field, fifteen miles from Ft. Worth. The dead are Lieutenant Peyton C. March, son of the newly appointed Acting Chief of Staff of the United States army; First Lieutenant J. L. Wray, a native Canadian, who had lived for years at Los Angeles, Cal., and Cadet Flyer R. Porter, whose father is R. A. Porter, a jeweler of Long Island, N. Y.

No More Heatless Mondays.

Washington.—Fuel Administrator Garfield suspended indefinitely the heatless-Monday order. Dr. Garfield left the way open to put the order again into operation if it appears that that will be necessary. The State Fuel Administrators were given permission to keep the order in force in their states if it appears that it should be done to relieve fuel shortages, and also were authorized to put into force any other restrictive measures that special circumstances make necessary.

Americans Are Let Go.

Geneva.—The first exchange of prisoners of war between Austria and the allies has taken place near the Austrian frontier at Buchs. Three hundred and twenty-four of these exchanged prisoners have arrived at Geneva. They include two American volunteers, one English officer and 70 British colonials, all of whom were captured on the Turkish and Bulgarian fronts.

Victims of First Flights.

Memphis, Tenn., Feb. 14.—The bodies of T. C. Rogers and P. B. Cooley, flying cadets, who were killed at Park Field when the airplane in which they were making practice flights collided in midair, are being prepared for shipment to their homes. Both fliers were making their first flights alone when the collision occurred. Cooley's home is at San Jose, Cal. His mother survives him and he has two brothers who are in the National army.

RICHARD C. IVES



Richard C. Ives, son of E. L. Ives, a wealthy structural steel fabricator of Bloomington, Ill., was accepted the other day as a member of the British Flying corps by the British Canadian recruiting mission in Chicago. Nineteen ribbons and two cups won in athletics testified to his physical qualifications. When Cadet Ives returns from his training in Canada, it is reported, he will wed Miss Sue Cochran of Chicago.

MOB W.'S AND PROS.

Tar and Feathers Applied in Staunton, Ill., Roundup.

Many Homes Stormed and German Sympathizers Are Dragged From Beds and Forced to Kiss Flag.

Staunton, Ill., Feb. 14.—Following a night of rioting against pro-Germans and I. W. W.'s in which a mob of men and women tarred and feathered two men, stormed more than 400 homes and dragged scores from their beds, compelling them to kiss the American flag, this town was again the scene of nine alleged pro-German citizens were arrested today.

John M. L. Metzger, Chicago lawyer, and Fervine Oberdan of Nokomis, Ill., were the men tarred and feathered. They were dragged out of town and ordered to "keep going." Metzger was started in the direction of Chicago and Oberdan toward St. Louis.

Metzger was the attorney defending Oberdan for bootlegging. At a meeting in Miners' hall, held for the purpose of ratifying a donation of \$100 for Oberdan's defense, it was charged he was an I. W. W. Charges and counter-charges flew thick and fast. A fight resulted. There was a general battle.

When the fight was well under way, twenty members of the American Vigilants society who deputized to keep order, charged into the building and captured Oberdan and Metzger. They were taken to the public square where they were tarred and feathered. Several men beat them, it was reported.

Aroused to a fury of patriotism because a member of the mob shouted that it was Lincoln's birthday, the citizens then rushed to the homes of suspected pro-Germans, dragged them from their homes and compelled them to kiss the flag. The demonstration continued until early this morning.

Mayor Williamson ordered all saloons closed. No effort was made by the police to quell the disturbance.

W. C. Feeshouse, former county clerk, was one of the suspected pro-Germans visited. He was dragged to the public square and ordered to kiss the flag.

Bolshevik Defeated in Finland.

Stockholm, Feb. 14.—Advices from Tornea today indicated that the Red Guard (bolsheviks) has been defeated in Finland by the troops supporting the new Finnish republic and has offered to surrender.

Pershing Lauds British.

Washington.—Praise for efficient co-operation by the British War Office in the rescue of survivors of the Tuscania is given by General Pershing in a cablegram received at the War Department. The Y. M. C. A. and the Red Cross also are cited for valuable assistance.

Operation of Plants May Result.

Washington.—Delays in shipbuilding construction, charged to a considerable extent to labor difficulties, has brought agitation in Congress for Government operation of the yards, and it was learned that the shipping board has been asked to consider the matter of taking over at least some private plants. Heretofore the board has taken the position that if the labor situation is straightened out the yards will turn out as much tonnage under private management as they would if run by the Government.